

### **Paperless Datasheet**

Going green and protecting environment is manufacturers' responsibility. Each WatchfulEyE product has a link of downloading data sheet on its enclosure:

http://datasheet.watchfuleyesolutions.com/US120273.html

### **Model & Ordering Code**

Model	Ordering Code	Remote Contacts	UPC/EAN Code
WTH-100/B+C/R/1P-150	US120273	YES	(0) 811914030775
WTH-100/B+C/1P-150	US120263	NO	(0) 811914030836

Model with suffix	WTH-100/B+C/R/1P-150	x2pcs	x3pcs	x4pcs
Ordering Code	US120273	US120273x2	US120273x3	US120273x4
Model with suffix	WTH-100/B+C/1P-150	x2pcs	x3pcs	x4pcs
Ordering Code	US120263	US120263x2	US120263x3	US120263x4



### **Certificates of Products**



**C€ RoHS** IEC61643-11



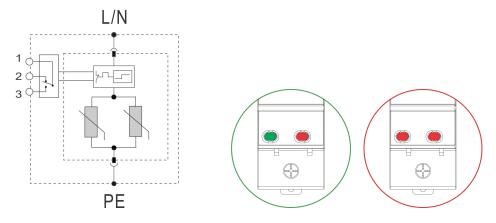
### **Description**

In accordance with: IEC 61643-11 - Class I+II and UL1449 Type 4 Location Location of use: main sub-distribution boards, branch sub-distribution boards Plug-in module and separate base design enables convenient maintenance. Internal thermal disconnect devices help ensure safe or at end-of-life

WTH-100/B+C/R/1P-150 Serie	es Technical Data
Requirement Class to IEC61643-11	Class I+II
IEEE Category Rating	C, B & A
Maximum Continuous Operating Voltage (Uc/MCOV)	150VAC 50/60Hz
Nominal Discharge Current (In)	50kA
Max. Discharge Current (Imax)	100kA
Pulsed Current (limp)	12.5kA
Voltage Protection Level (Up)	1.7kV
Residual Voltage (Ures)	0.8kV
Protection Modes	L-PE, N-PE
Protective Element	High Energy MOV
Follow Current (If)	NO
Response Time (tA)	<5ns
Leakage Current (at 75%U1mA)	<20µA
Thermal Protection	YES
Protection Rating (IP Code)	IP 20
Short Circuit Current Ratings (SCCR)	25kA rms
Max. Back-up Fuse (if mains >125A)	125A gL (circuit-breaker: <63A)
Surge Life at 3kA (8/20µs)	>5000 events
Temperature Range	- 40°F to 176°F (-40°C to 80°C)
Relative Humidity	0% to 95% noncondensing
Maximum Operating Altitude	10,000 feet (3000m)
Terminal Cross Section	35mm² (solid) / 25mm² (stranded)
Stripping Length Contacts	0.6inches (15mm)
Terminal Screw Torque	Max. 3.5Nm
DIN Rail EN60715	35mm top-hat rail
Dimensions DIN 43880	36mm (2TE)
Housing Material	Thermoplastic (UL94 V-0)
Housing Design	Modular design
Net Weight Per Unit	0.5Lb (227g)



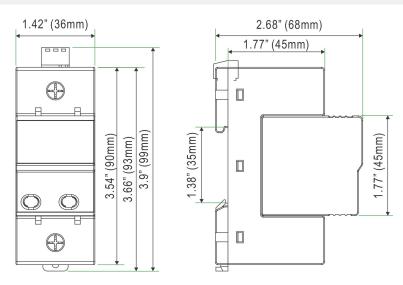
### **Surge Protection Connection Diagram**



Indication of two levels of surge protection

The capability of displaying 50 percent of surge protection capacity: under normal circumstances, with two MOVs' protection at the same time, the module can realize Class I surge protection; in case that one of the indicator windows indicates red, there's still 50% of surge protection capacity to meet Class II surge protection requirements, and the module shall be replaced timely at this point.

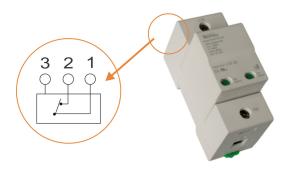
### **Dimensions**

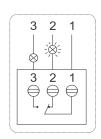




### **Remote Contacts**

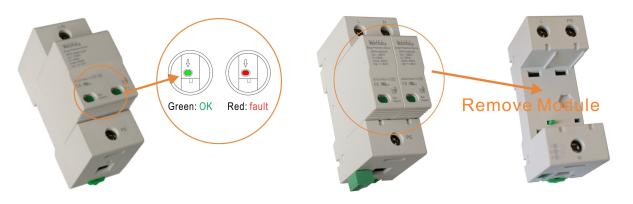
- 1: COM (Common)
- 2: NC (Normally Close)
  3: NO (Normally Open)





Contact Ratings	125VAC/3A, 250VAC/1.5A
Terminal Cross Section	Max. 1.5mm²
Stripping Length Contacts	0.25 inches (6-7mm)
Remote Terminal Torque	0.25Nm

### **Fault Indication**





#### **Common Terms and Definitions**

- 1. Normal operating voltage rating (Un)
- 2. Maximum Continuous Operating Voltage (Uc/MCOV):

Maximum r.m.s. voltage, which may be continuously applied to the surge protective device's mode of protection.

3. Nominal Discharge Current for Class II Test (In):

crest value of the current through the surge protective device having a current waveshape of 8/20µs.

4. Maximum Discharge Current (Imax):

Crest value of a current through the surge protective device having an 8/20µs waveshape and magnitude according to the manufacturers specification. Imax is equal to or greater than In.

5. Voltage Protection Level (Up):

Maximum voltage to be expected at the surge protective device terminals due to an impulse stress with defined voltage steepness and an impulse stress with a discharge current with given amplitude and waveshape.

6. Residual Voltage (Ures):

Crest value of voltage that appears between the terminals of an surge protective device due to the passage of discharge current.

7. IEEE 62.41

CATEGORY C: outdoor overhead lines, service entrance (most severe) CATEGORY B: major feeder, short branch circuits, service panel (indoor) CATEGORY A: long branch circuits, receptacles (indoor) (least severe)

#### How to choose a suitable Uc(MCOV) value

Note: Uc >1.15Un

The relationship between two parameters Uc and Up of a surge protective device is proportional.

If Uc is small, the value of Up is also small; surge protective devices with smaller Up can provide better surge protection. Whether to choose smaller Uc depends on the voltage stability of the grid.

If you choose surge protective devices with smaller Uc for the grid with instable voltage, the surge protective devices will frequently work while the grid voltage fluctuates, resulting in shortening surge protective device's product life.

If you choose larger Uc, and the value of Up is accordingly large, the surge protective efficiency will not be so fine.

If you are unsure of the voltage stability of the grid,

it is suggested to calculate MCOV(Uc) using the following formula:  $\sqrt{2}$  Un < Uc <  $\sqrt{3}$  Un

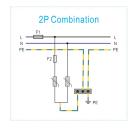
AC Network (Un)	MCOV(Uc), L/N-PE Protection Mode	
110V	150V	
120/208V	150V	
127/220V	150V	
220/380V	275V, 320V, 385V	
230/400V	275V, 320V, 385V, 420V	
240/415V	320V, 385V, 420V	
277/480V	320V, 385V, 420V	
347/600V	550V, 690V	

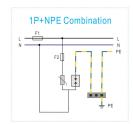


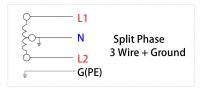
### **AC Network Connection Diagram**



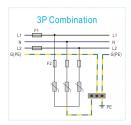


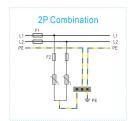


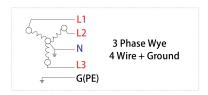




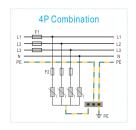


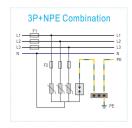


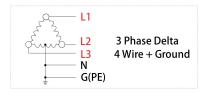




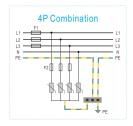


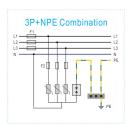










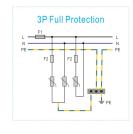


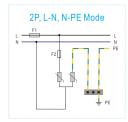


### Difference mode & Common mode Connection Diagram





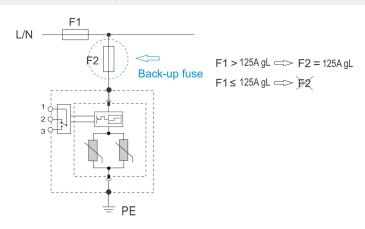




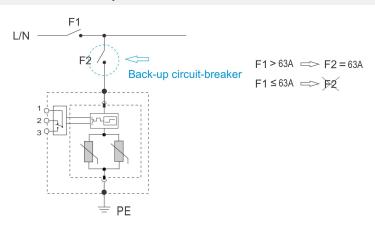
Common mode: L-PE, N-PE surge protection

L-N surge protection

### Selection of back-up fuse

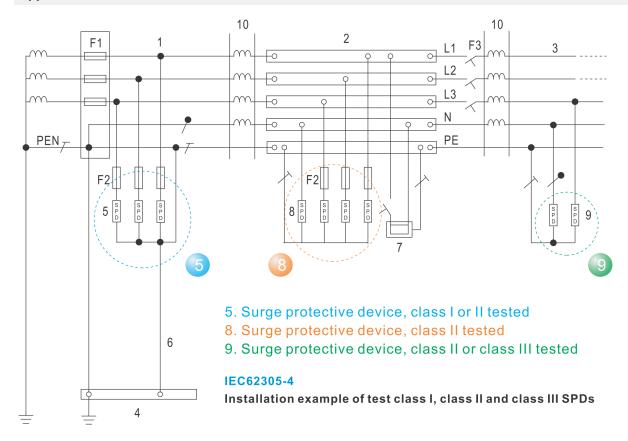


### Selection of back-up circuit-breaker





### **Application**



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- 1. Origin of the installation
- 2. Distribution board
- 3. Distribution outlet
- 4. Main earthing terminal or bar
- 5. Surge protective device, class I or II tested
- 6. Earthing connection (earthing conductor) of the surge protective device
- 7. Fixed equipment to be protected
- 8. Surge protective device, class II tested
- 9. Surge protective device, class II or class III tested
- 10. Decoupling element or line length
- F1, F2, F3 overcurrent protective disconnectors

NOTE Refer to IEC 61643-12 for further information.



### FAQ & Help

- 1. What should I do if I can't find the paper manual in the product packaging? Watchful Eye products is committed to going green with paperless data sheets. On the side of each product enclosure is an engraved link with URL for downloading paperless data sheet and QR code of the website. If you need the paper data sheet, you can open the link and print the data sheet by yourself.
- 2. The advantages of fault indication windows? If surge protection fails, the fault indication windows will turn red, thus it can be seen intuitively, and the surge protective device can be replaced in time to avoid damage to the equipment caused by a second surge.
- 3. What instruments can be used to test whether its surge protection function is normal or not? Test with a Watchful Eye surge protector tester
- 4. Can you list more applications? Power supply panel, whole house
- 5. What is the feature of Class I+II?

It provides high capability of Class I surge protection, and capability of Class II (equivalent to the parameters of WTH-40) fine protection with low residual voltage as well, applying to Class I and Class II surge protection in multiple areas. If you are not sure which module to choose for protecting your area, Class I + II is the best solution.



### **Download WatchfulEyE Official App**

To learn about more products and updates from company, please scan QR code to download the official App:





#### **After-sale Services**

Watchful Eye provides a 5-year quality warranty globally.

I have a question